phia College of Physicians to the lupulin as a means of controlling the painful crections occurring in venereal cases. He has employed it now for two years, and has found it a better and more effectual remedy than any other he has tried. He gives it in the dose of from five to ten grains, and has never known an instance in which the second dose did not succeed in subduing the painful crections, so troublesome in cases of gonorrhea. It does not cause the headache, constipation, and other unpleasant effects consequent upon the use of camphor and opium. He has found the remedy useful also in cases of involuntary seminal emissions. It will not cure the disease, but prevents the discharges, so long as the patient remains under its influence.

Dr. Ed. Hartshorne has employed it successfully in one case to destroy ve-

nereal appetite in a man addicted to onanism.

New Method of expelling Foreign Bodies from the Larynx.—Dr. Charles Hansford, of Knoxville, Ill., in a letter to the editors of the N. W. Med. and Surg. Journ., (May 1849,) relates the case of a coloured girl who had accidentally got a pin into the windpipe, and was suffering with all the distressing symptoms consequent upon obstruction of the air passages from a foreign body. She was directed to lie upon a bench, face downwards, with the head projecting over the edge, and to take a full inspiration. Whilst in this position, with the lungs filled with air, a smart blow or two on the back with a pillow, made hard and firm by compression, had the effect to expel the pin atonce from the larynx. In this case, the first blow moved the pin about an inch, the second forced it into the mouth.

"Since that time," Dr. H. writes, "I have had several opportunities of trying the maul made of a pillow. I have driven out water-melon seeds in this manner, on three different occasions; a grain of corn at one time, and a large

glass bead at another."

American Medical Association.—The annual meeting this year was held in Boston, and was very numerously attended—four hundred and fifty-two delegates being present, representing twenty-two different States. The Massachusetts Legislature granted the chamber of the House of Representatives for the accommodation of the Association, and the arrangements on behalf of the profession of Boston, for the entertainment of the association, were of the most liberal and hospitable character. The following are the officers and standing committees for the year:—

President, Dr. John C. Warren, Mass.

Vice-Presidents, Drs. John P. Harrison, O., Hugh H. Maguire, Va., Austin Flint, N. Y., R. S. Stewart, Md.

Secretaries, Drs. Alfred Stillé, Pa., Henry J. Bowditch, Mass.

Treasurer, Dr. Isaac Hays, Pa.

Committee of Arrangements.—Dr. Drake, Chairman; Drs. Dodge, Judkins.

Rives, Lawson, Richards, Strader, Cincinnati.

Committee on Medical Sciences.—Dr. Usher Parsons, Providence, R. I., Chairman; Drs. J. Bigelow, Boston, J. B. S. Jackson, Boston, A. B. Malcolm, Iowa. Jas. Moultrie, Charleston, S. C., G. Emerson, Philadelphia, D. King, Newport. R. I.

Committee on Practical Medicine.—Dr. J. K. Mitchell, Philadelphia, Chairman; Drs. R. La Roche, Philada., F. West, Philada., J. A. Swett, N. York,

James Jones, N. Orleans, R. D. Arnold, Savannah, Smith, Ind.

Committee on Surgery.—Dr. R. D. Mussey, Cincinnati, Chairman; Drs. W. M. Awl, Columbus, O., A. B. Shipman, Syracuse, N. Y., George Fox, Philada., L. A. Dugas, Augusta, Ga., S. Parkman, Boston, J. R. Wood, N. York.

Committee on Obstetrics.—Dr. T. G. Prioleau, Charleston, S. C., Chairman: Drs. L. D. Ford, Augusta, Ga., Robert Lebby, Charleston, S. C., Josiah Bartlett, Stratham, N. H., H. F. Askew, Wilmington, Del., John Evans, Chicago. Ill., Isaac Lincoln, Brunswick, Me.

Committee on Medical Education.—Dr. J. Roby, Baltimore, Md., Chairman:

Drs. Blatchford, Troy, N. Y., G. C. M. Roberts, Balt., R. W. Silvester, Norfolk, Va., F. A. Ramsey, Knoxville, Tenn., Dr. George Sumner, Hartford, Conn., W. H. Rockwell, Brattleboro', Vt.

Committee on Medical Literature.—Dr. Alfred Stillé, Philada., Chairman: Drs. F. G. Smith, Philada., T. H. Yardley, Philada., P. C. Gaillard, Charleston, S. C., A. T. Morris, Montgomery, Ala., J. Fithian, Woodbury, N. J., J. B. Johnson, St. Louis, Mo.

Committee on Publication.—Dr. I. Hays, Philada., Chairman; Drs. A. Stillé. Philada., H. J. Bowditch, Boston, D. F. Condic. Philada., B. F. Barker, Norwich, Ct., Isaac Wood, N. York, N. J. Pittman, N. C.

The next meeting of the Association is to be held in Cincinnati, on the first Tuesday in May.

Cholera.—This disease is now prevailing at various places in different parts of the United States, from Massachusetts to Texas, and as far west as the Rocky Mountains. We shall endeavour to present at the proper period some account of this visitation; at the present time it would be impossible to do more than offer a few scattered facts, and imperfect statistics. In the Medical News for the present month will be found the latest intelligence relative to the disease, with the statistics as far as they could be collected.

New York.—The first cases occurred in this city about the middle of May. The number of deaths reported up to the 30th of June was 503.

Philadelphia.—The first cases of the disease were reported on 30th of May; and the number of deaths up to the 30th of June was 94.

New Orleans.—The number of deaths reported from chelera between the 24th Feb. and the 21st of April was 1007.